# NASA/TM-2000-209891, Vol. 141



# **Technical Report Series on the Boreal Ecosystem-Atmosphere Study (BOREAS)**

Forrest G. Hall and Shelaine Curd, Editors

# Volume 141 BOREAS TE-5 Surface Meteorological and Radiation Data

J. Ehleriinger, J.R. Brooks, and L. Flanagan

National Aeronautics and Space Administration

Goddard Space Flight Center Greenbelt, Maryland 20771

#### The NASA STI Program Office ... in Profile

Since its founding, NASA has been dedicated to the advancement of aeronautics and space science. The NASA Scientific and Technical Information (STI) Program Office plays a key part in helping NASA maintain this important role.

The NASA STI Program Office is operated by Langley Research Center, the lead center for NASA's scientific and technical information. The NASA STI Program Office provides access to the NASA STI Database, the largest collection of aeronautical and space science STI in the world. The Program Office is also NASA's institutional mechanism for disseminating the results of its research and development activities. These results are published by NASA in the NASA STI Report Series, which includes the following report types:

- TECHNICAL PUBLICATION. Reports of completed research or a major significant phase of research that present the results of NASA programs and include extensive data or theoretical analysis. Includes compilations of significant scientific and technical data and information deemed to be of continuing reference value. NASA's counterpart of peer-reviewed formal professional papers but has less stringent limitations on manuscript length and extent of graphic presentations.
- TECHNICAL MEMORANDUM. Scientific and technical findings that are preliminary or of specialized interest, e.g., quick release reports, working papers, and bibliographies that contain minimal annotation. Does not contain extensive analysis.
- CONTRACTOR REPORT. Scientific and technical findings by NASA-sponsored contractors and grantees.

- CONFERENCE PUBLICATION. Collected papers from scientific and technical conferences, symposia, seminars, or other meetings sponsored or cosponsored by NASA.
- SPECIAL PUBLICATION. Scientific, technical, or historical information from NASA programs, projects, and mission, often concerned with subjects having substantial public interest.
- TECHNICAL TRANSLATION.
   English-language translations of foreign scientific and technical material pertinent to NASA's mission.

Specialized services that complement the STI Program Office's diverse offerings include creating custom thesauri, building customized databases, organizing and publishing research results . . . even providing videos.

For more information about the NASA STI Program Office, see the following:

- Access the NASA STI Program Home Page at http://www.sti.nasa.gov/STI-homepage.html
- E-mail your question via the Internet to help@sti.nasa.gov
- Fax your question to the NASA Access Help Desk at (301) 621-0134
- Telephone the NASA Access Help Desk at (301) 621-0390
- Write to:
   NASA Access Help Desk
   NASA Center for AeroSpace Information
   7121 Standard Drive
   Hanover, MD 21076-1320

# NASA/TM-2000-209891, Vol. 141



# Technical Report Series on the Boreal Ecosystem-Atmosphere Study (BOREAS)

Forrest G. Hall and Shelaine Curd, Editors

# Volume 141 BOREAS TE-5 Surface Meteorological and Radiation Data

Jim Ehleriinger, University of Utah, Salt Lake City J. Renee Brooks, University of South Florida, Tampa Larry Flanagan, University of Lethbridge, Lethbridge, Alberta, Canada

National Aeronautics and Space Administration

Goddard Space Flight Center Greenbelt, Maryland 20771

# Available from: NASA Center for AeroSpace Information National Technical Information Service 5285 Port Royal Road Springfield, VA 22161 7121 Standard Drive Hanover, MD 21076-1320 Price Code: A10 Price Code: A17

## **BOREAS TE-5 Surface Meteorological and Radiation Data**

Jim Ehleringer, J.Renee Brooks, Larry Flanagan

#### **Summary**

The BOREAS TE-5 team collected measurements in the NSA and SSA on gas exchange, gas composition, and tree growth. Measurements of meteorological data, including air and soil temperature, RH, and PPFD, were 30-minute intervals during the 1994 IFCs at various sites in the BOREAS NSA and SSA. The data are provided in tabular ASCII files.

#### **Table of Contents**

- 1) Data Set Overview
- 2) Investigator(s)
- 3) Theory of Measurements
- 4) Equipment
- 5) Data Acquisition Methods
- 6) Observations
- 7) Data Description
- 8) Data Organization
- 9) Data Manipulations
- 10) Errors
- 11) Notes
- 12) Application of the Data Set
- 13) Future Modifications and Plans
- 14) Software
- 15) Data Access
- 16) Output Products and Availability
- 17) References
- 18) Glossary of Terms
- 19) List of Acronyms
- 20) Document Information

#### 1. Data Set Overview

#### 1.1 Data Set Identification

BOREAS TE-05 Surface Meteorological and Radiation Data

#### 1.2 Data Set Introduction

Basic meteorological data (air and soil temperature, relative humidity (RH), and photosynthetic photon flux density (PPFD) data) were collected at varying heights in the BOReal Ecosystem-Atmosphere Study (BOREAS) Northern Study Area (NSA) and Southern Study Area (SSA) sites.

1.3 Objective/Purpose

The data were collected to provide basic meteorological information at the sampling sites during times when Terrestrial Ecology (TE)-05 team sampled canopy CO<sub>2</sub> for carbon and oxygen isotope analysis.

1.4 Summary of Parameters

Date, Julian Day, Time Greenwich Mean Time ((GMT) h), Temp at RH sensor (C), midcanopy RH%, 9-m PPFD micromoles/m<sup>2</sup>/s, 1-m PPFD, 9-m Tair (C), 1-m Tair (C), 10-cm Tsoil(C), and 20-cm Tsoil (C) collected at 30-min intervals.

#### 1.5 Discussion

These measurements were made at both the NSA and the SSA during each Intensive Field Campaign (IFC) at the Old Jack Pine (OJP), Old Black Spruce (OBS), T6R5S TE Upland Black Spruce (UBS), and Old Aspen (OA).

#### 1.6 Related Data Sets

BOREAS TE-05 Diurnal CO2 Canopy Profile Data BOREAS TE-05 Leaf Gas Exchange Data BOREAS TE-05 Leaf Carbon Isotope Data BOREAS TE-05 Tree Ring and Carbon Isotope Ratio Data BOREAS TE-05 Air Stable Isotope

#### 2. Investigator(s)

#### 2.1 Investigator(s) Name and Title

J. R. Ehleringer University of Utah TE-05 Department of Biology Salt Lake City, UT 84112

Dr. Larry Flanagan
Department of Biological Sciences
University of Lethbridge
4401 University Drive
Lethbridge, Alberta T1K 3M4, CANADA

2.2 Title of Investigation

Vegetation-Atmosphere CO<sub>2</sub> and H<sub>2</sub>O Exchange Processes: Stable Isotope Analyses

#### 2.3 Contact Information

#### Contact 1:

J. Renee Brooks
Dept. of Biology
University of South Florida
Tampa, FL 33620-5150
(813) 974-7352 (Office)
(813) 974-3250 (Dept.)
(813) 974-3263 (fax)
rjbrooks@chuma.cas.usf.edu

#### Contact 2:

Dr. Larry Flanagan
Department of Biological Sciences
University of Lethbridge
4401 University Drive
Lethbridge, Alberta
T1K 3M4, CANADA
(403) 380-1858
(403) 329-2082 (fax)
larry.flanagan@uleth.ca

#### Contact 3:

Shelaine Curd Raytheon ITSS Code 923 NASA GSFC Greenbelt, MD 20771 (301) 286-2447 shelaine.curd@gsfc.nasa.gov

#### 3. Theory of Measurements

Surface meteorological and radiation data were taken in conjunction with CO<sub>2</sub> isotope data collections by TE-05.

#### 4. Equipment

4.1 Sensor/Instrument Description

- RH: The Campbell Scientific, Inc., 207 Temperature and RH probe contains a Phys-Chem Scientific, Inc., PCRC-11 RH sensor and a Fenwal Electronics UUT51J1 thermistor. The combined RH sensor accuracy is typically better than 5% over the 12-100% RH range.
- PPFD: Hamamatsu GaAsP Photodiodes G1118 calibrated with a LI-COR Quantum sensor. Each sensor was mounted on a flat white platform and then mounted to the Rohn mast and leveled with a bubble level.
- Temperature: Copper constantan thermocouples.
- A Campbell CR-21x data logger was used to record the meteorological data.

#### 4.1.1 Collection Environment

The data were collected under ambient conditions during the collection period.

#### 4.1.2 Source/Platform

Meteorological data were collected from a Rohn mast extending 9 m up into the canopy.

#### 4.1.3 Source/Platform Mission Objectives

The objective was to monitor basic meteorological data within the forest canopy at the location where the TE-05 team collected  $CO_2$  for isotope analysis.

4.1.4 Key Variables

Date, Julian Day, Time (GMT h), Temp at RH sensor (C), midcanopy RH%, 9-m PPFD micromoles/m<sup>2</sup>/s, 1-m PPFD, 9-m Tair (C), 1-m Tair (C), 10-cm Tsoil(C), and 20-cm Tsoil (C) collected at 30-minute intervals.

4.1.5 Principles of Operation

All sensors were attached to a Campbell CR-21x data logger and monitored every 30 minutes.

# 4.1.6 Sensor/Instrument Measurement Geometry

None given.

#### 4.1.7 Manufacturer of Sensor/Instrument

207 Temperature and RH probe CR-21x data logger Campbell Scientific, Inc. P.O. Box 551 Logan, UT 84321 (801) 753-2342

Hamamatsu GaAsP Photodiodes G1118 Hamamatsu Corporation 360 Foothill Road P.O. Box 6910 Bridgewater, NJ 08807-0910 (201) 231-0960

Copper Constantan Thermocouples Omega Engineering P.O. Box 1 Broughton Astley Leicestershire LE9 6XR, England (800) 826-6342

#### 4.2 Calibration

#### 4.2.1 Specifications

None given.

#### 4.2.1.1 Tolerance

The RH probe contains a Phys-Chem Scientific, Inc., PCRC-11 RH Sensor and Fenwal Electronics UUT51J1 thermistor. The combined RH sensor accuracy is typically better than 5% over the 12-100% RH range.

#### 4.2.2 Frequency of Calibration

All instruments were calibrated and tested in the lab prior to the first IFC.

#### 4.2.3 Other Calibration Information

During each IFC, instruments were checked for placement and orientation but were not recalibrated.

# 5. Data Acquisition Methods

All sensors were attached to a Campbell CR-21x data logger and monitored every 30 minutes. Note that the 9-m Rohn mast was shorter than the canopy at the SSA-OJP, SSA-OA, and NSA-OA sites.

#### 6. Observations

#### 6.1 Data Notes

None given.

#### 6.2 Field Notes

The RH sensor for NSA-OA during IFC-3 was not operational.

#### 7. Data Description

#### 7.1 Spatial Characteristics

#### 7.1.1 Spatial Coverage

The North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83) coordinates of the sites are:

- NSA-OJP flux tower site: Lat/Long: 55.927°N, 98.62°W, Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM) Zone 14, N:6, 197,997 E:523,501.
- NSA-OA canopy access tower site: auxiliary site number T2Q6A, BOREAS Experiment Plan, Version 3, Lat/Long =  $55.88^{\circ}$ N,  $98.67^{\circ}$ W.
- NSA-UBS canopy access tower site: auxiliary site number T6R5S, BOREAS Experiment Plan, Version 3, Lat/Long = 55.70°N, 98.51°W.
- SSA-OJP: Lat/Long: 53.91°N, 104.69°W, UTM Zone 13, 53.91634 N, 104.69203 W. SSA-OBS: Lat/Long: 53.98°N, 105.12°W, UTM Zone 13, 5982100.5 N, 492276.5 E.
- SSA-OA: Lat/Long: 53.62°N, 106.19°W. UTM Zone 13, 5942899.9 N, 420790.5 E

#### 7.1.2 Spatial Coverage Map

None given.

#### 7.1.3 Spatial Resolution

These are point source measurements at the locations given.

#### 7.1.4 Projection

None given.

#### 7.1.5 Grid Description

None given.

#### 7.2 Temporal Characteristics

#### 7.2.1 Temporal Coverage

The data were collected from 25-May-1994 to 08-Sep-1994.

#### 7.2.2 Temporal Coverage Map

#### IFC-1:

NSA-OJP: 02-Jun-1994, 7.32 Greenwich Mean Time (GMT) through 03-Jun-1994, 16.32 (GMT).

NSA-OA: 10-Jun-1994,16.15 (GMT) through 11-Jun-1994, 19.98 (GMT).

NSA-UBS: 03-Jun-1994, 2.15 (GMT) through 4-Jun-1994, 2.15 (GMT).

SSA-OA: 29-May-1994,1900 (GMT) through 30-May-1994, 2150 (GMT).

SSA-OBS: 25-May-1994, 1.50 (GMT) through 27\_May-1994, 20.00 (GMT).

SSA-OJP: 25-May-1994, 2050 (GMT) through 27-May-1994, 2.00 (GMT).

#### IFC-2:

NSA-OJP: 20-Jul-1994, 21,48 (GMT) through 24-Jul-1994, 22.32 (GMT). NSA-OA: 31-Jul-1994, 17.82 (GMT) through 05-Aug-1994, 20.98 (GMT). NSA-UBS: 25-Jul-1994, 20.15 (GMT) through 29-Jul-1994, 22.48 (GMT). SSA-OA: 25-Jul-1994, 1900 (GMT) through 27-Jul-1994, 17.50 (GMT). SSA-OBS: 20-Jul-1994 20.50 (GMT) through 22-Jul-1994, 15.50 (GMT). SSA-OJP: 22-Jul-1994, 2.50 (GMT) through 24-Jul-1994, 18.00 (GMT).

#### IFC-3:

NSA-OJP: 30-Aug-1994, 18.65 (GMT) through 01-Sep-1994, 21.15 (GMT). NSA-OA: 05-Sep-1994, 19.32 (GMT) through 07-Sep-1994, 18.65 (GMT). NSA-UBS: 02-Sep-1994, 18.48 (GMT) through 04-Sep-1994, 16.15 (GMT). SSA-OA: 03-Aug-1994, 17.50 (GMT) through 05-Sep-1994, 18.00 (GMT). SSA-OBS: 31-Aug-1994, 18.50 (GMT) through 02-Aug-1994, 17.50 (GMT). SSA-OJP: 06-Aug-1994, 18.00 (GMT) through 08-Aug-1994, 18.50 (GMT).

#### 7.2.3 Temporal Resolution

Meteorological measurements were made every 30 minutes.

#### 7.3 Data Characteristics

#### 7.3.1 Parameter/Variable

The parameters contained in the data files on the CD-ROM are:

Column Name SITE NAME SUB SITE DATE OBS TIME OBS AIR TEMP AT REL HUM SENSOR REL HUM 6M REL\_HUM 9M PPFD 1M PPFD 9M AIR TEMP 1M AIR TEMP 9M SOIL TEMP 10CM SOIL TEMP 20CM CRTFCN CODE REVISION DATE

#### 7.3.2 Variable Description/Definition

The descriptions of the parameters contained in the data files on the CD-ROM are:

\_\_\_\_\_

Description

SITE NAME

The identifier assigned to the site by BOREAS, in the format SSS-TTT-CCCCC, where SSS identifies the portion of the study area: NSA, SSA, REG, TRN, and TTT identifies the cover type for the site, 999 if unknown, and CCCCC is the identifier for site, exactly what it means will vary with site type.

SUB_SITE .	The identifier assigned to the sub-site by BOREAS, in the format GGGGG-IIIII, where GGGGG is the group associated with the sub-site instrument, e.g. HYD06 or STAFF, and IIIII is the identifier for sub-site, often this will refer to an instrument.
DATE OBS	The date on which the data were collected.
TIME_OBS	The Greenwich Mean Time (GMT) when the data were collected.
AIR_TEMP_AT_REL_HUM_SENSOR	The air temperature at the relative humidity sensor.
REL_HUM_6M	The relative humidity at 6 meters above ground level.
REL_HUM_9M	The relative humidity at 9 meters above ground level.
PPFD_1M	Photosynthetic Photon Flux Density at 1 meter above ground level.
PPFD_9M	Photosynthetic Photon Flux Density at 9 meters above ground level.
AIR_TEMP_1M	The temperature of the air as taken 1 meter above ground level.
AIR TEMP 9M	Air temperature at 9 meters above ground level.
SOIL TEMP 10CM	Soil temperature at 10 cm depth.
SOIL TEMP 20CM	Soil temperature at 20 cm depth.
CRTFCN_CODE	The OREAS certification level of the data.
	Examples are CPI (Checked by PI), CGR (Certified
	by Group), PRE (Preliminary), and CPI-??? (CPI
	but questionable).
REVISION_DATE	The most recent date when the information in the
	referenced data base table record was revised.

7.3.3 Unit of Measurement
The measurement units for the parameters contained in the data files on the CD-ROM are:

Column Name	Units
SITE NAME	[none]
SUB SITE	[none]
DATE_OBS	[DD-MON-YY]
TIME OBS	[HHMM GMT]
AIR TEMP AT REL_HUM_SENSOR	[degrees Celsius]
REL_HUM_6M	[percent]
REL_HUM_9M	[percent]
PPFD_IM	<pre>[micromoles] [meter^-2] [second^-1]</pre>
PPFD_9M	<pre>[micromoles] [meter^-2] [second^-1]</pre>
AIR_TEMP_1M	[degrees Celsius]
AIR_TEMP_9M	[degrees Celsius]
SOIL_TEMP_10CM	[degrees Celsius]
SOIL_TEMP_20CM	[degrees Celsius]
CRTFCN_CODE	[none]
REVISION_DATE	[DD-MON-YY]

#### 7.3.4 Data Source

The source of the parameter values contained in the data files on the CD-ROM are:

Column Name	Data Source			
SITE NAME	[BORIS Designation]			
SUB SITE	[BORIS Designation]			
DATE OBS	[Human Observer]			
TIME OBS	[Human Observer]			
AIR_TEMP_AT_REL_HUM_SENSOR	[Thermometer]			
REL_HUM_6M	[Field Equipment]			
REL_HUM_9M	[Field Equipment]			
PPFD 1M	[Field Equipment]			
PPFD_9M	[Field Equipment]			
AIR_TEMP_1M	[Thermometer]			
AIR_TEMP_9M	[Thermometer]			
SOIL_TEMP_10CM	[Thermometer]			
SOIL_TEMP_20CM	[Thermometer]			
CRTFCN_CODE	[BORIS Designation]			
REVISION_DATE	[BORIS Designation]			

#### 7.3.5 Data Range

The following table gives information about the parameter values found in the data files on the CD-ROM.

·	Minimum	Maximum	Missng		Below	Data
	Data	Data	Data	Data	Detect	Not
Column Name	Value	Value	Value	Value	Limit	Cllctd
	NOT ONE OFFEED	CON OTD DIVED		None	None	None
SITE_NAME	NSA-9BS-9TETR	SSA-OJP-FLXTR	None	None	None	None
SUB_SITE	9TE05-MET01	9TE05-MET01	None	None	None	None
DATE OBS	25-MAY-94	08-SEP-94	None	None	None	None
TIME OBS	0	2330	None	None	None	None
AIR_TEMP_AT_REL_HUM_	-3.08	29.81	None	None	None	Blank
SENSOR						
REL_HUM_6M	24.04	102.1	None	None	None	Blank
REL_HUM_9M	13.57	103	None	None	None	Blank
PPFD_1M	-1.949	1387	None	None	None	Blank
PPFD_9M	-5.677	1827	None	None	None	None
AIR TEMP 1M	-3.521	30.92	None	None	None	None
AIR_TEMP_9M	. 62	33.37	None	None	None	None
SOIL_TEMP_10CM	244	21.92	None	None	None	Blank
SOIL_TEMP_20CM	138	18.55	None	None	None	Blank
CRTFCN CODE	CPI	CPI	None	None	None	None
REVISION_DATE	07-DEC-97	07-DEC-97	None	None	None	None

Minimum Data Value -- The minimum value found in the column.

Maximum Data Value -- The maximum value found in the column.

Missng Data Value -- The value that indicates missing data. This is used to indicate that an attempt was made to determine the parameter value, but the attempt was unsuccessful.

-- The value that indicates unreliable data. This is used Unrel Data Value

to indicate an attempt was made to determine the parameter value, but the value was deemed to be

unreliable by the analysis personnel.

Below Detect Limit -- The value that indicates parameter values below the instruments detection limits. This is used to indicate that an attempt was made to determine the parameter value, but the analysis personnel determined that the parameter value was below the detection limit of the instrumentation.

Data Not Cllctd

-- This value indicates that no attempt was made to determine the parameter value. This usually indicates that BORIS combined several similar but not identical data sets into the same data base table but this particular science team did not measure that parameter.

Blank -- Indicates that blank spaces are used to denote that type of value. N/A -- Indicates that the value is not applicable to the respective column. None -- Indicates that no values of that sort were found in the column.

7.4 Sample Data Record

The following are wrapped versions of data record from a sample data file on the CD-ROM.

SITE\_NAME, SUB\_SITE, DATE\_OBS, TIME\_OBS, AIR\_TEMP\_AT\_REL\_HUM\_SENSOR, REL\_HUM\_6M, REL\_HUM\_9M, PPFD\_1M, PPFD\_9M, AIR\_TEMP\_1M, AIR\_TEMP\_9M, SOIL\_TEMP\_10CM, SOIL\_TEMP\_20CM, CRTFCN\_CODE, REVISION\_DATE
'NSA-OJP-FLXTR', '9TE05-MET01', 02-JUN-94, 100, 18.64, 40.94, ,38.92, 515.1, 19.98, 17.77, 7.59, 7.46, 'CPI', 07-DEC-97

'NSA-OJP-FLXTR','9TE05-MET01',02-JUN-94,130,18.26,41.67,,33.53,407.1,20.26,16.63,7.69,7.59,'CPI',07-DEC-97

# 8. Data Organization

#### 8.1 Data Granularity

The smallest unit of orderable data is data collected on one day at one site.

#### **8.2 Data Format(s)**

The Compact Disk-Read-Only Memory (CD-ROM) files contain American Standard Code for Information Interchange (ASCII) numerical and character fields of varying length separated by commas. The character fields are enclosed with single apostrophe marks. There are no spaces between the fields.

Each data file on the CD-ROM has four header lines of Hyper-Text Markup Language (HTML) code at the top. When viewed with a Web browser, this code displays header information (data set title, location, date, acknowledgments, etc.) and a series of HTML links to associated data files and related data sets. Line 5 of each data file is a list of the column names, and line 6 and following lines contain the actual data.

# 9. Data Manipulations

#### 9.1 Formulae

None.

#### 9.1.1 Derivation Techniques and Algorithms

None.

#### 9.2 Data Processing Sequence

None given.

#### 9.2.1 Processing Steps

None given.

## 9.2.2 Processing Changes

None given.

#### 9.3 Calculations

None.

#### 9.3.1 Special Corrections/Adjustments

The millivolt signal from the photodiodes was converted into PPFD using the following equation:

PPFD = 
$$-1.4 + 71.3 \text{ mv}$$
 R<sup>2</sup>=0.999

This equation was derived from a comparison between a LI-COR quantum sensor and all the photodiodes used in the field. The same equation was used for all photodiode sensors.

#### 9.3.2 Calculated Variables

PPFD = -1.4 + 71.3 my  $R^2 = 0.999$ 

#### 9.4 Graphs and Plots

None given.

#### 10. Errors

#### 10.1 Sources of Error

The Rohn masts that the light sensors were attached to were not perfectly vertical, so 9-m PPFD sensors were not perfectly horizontal.

#### 10.2 Quality Assessment

None given.

#### 10.2.1 Data Validation by Source

None given.

#### 10.2.2 Confidence Level/Accuracy Judgment

None given.

#### 10.2.3 Measurement Error for Parameters

None given.

# 10.2.4 Additional Quality Assessments None given.

#### 10.2.5 Data Verification by Data Center

Data were examined for general consistency and clarity.

#### 11. Notes

#### 11.1 Limitations of the Data

None given.

#### 11.2 Known Problems with the Data

All known problems have been removed.

#### 11.3 Usage Guidance

None given.

#### 11.4 Other Relevant Information

None.

# 12. Application of the Data Set

The data can be used for meteorological and radiation comparison during IFCs, particularly when TE-05 sampled canopy CO<sub>2</sub> for carbon and oxygen isotope analysis.

#### 13. Future Modifications and Plans

None given.

#### 14. Software

#### 14.1 Software Description

None given.

#### 14.2 Software Access

None given.

#### 15. Data Access

The surface meteorological and radiation data are available from the Earth Observing System Data and Information System (EOSDIS) Oak Ridge National Laboratory (ORNL) Distributed Active Archive Center (DAAC).

#### 15.1 Contact Information

For BOREAS data and documentation please contact:

ORNL DAAC User Services
Oak Ridge National Laboratory
P.O. Box 2008 MS-6407
Oak Ridge, TN 37831-6407

Phone: (423) 241-3952 Fax: (423) 574-4665

E-mail: ornldaac@ornl.gov or ornl@eos.nasa.gov

#### 15.2 Data Center Identification

Earth Observing System Data and Information System (EOSDIS) Oak Ridge National Laboratory (ORNL) Distributed Active Archive Center (DAAC) for Biogeochemical Dynamics http://www-eosdis.ornl.gov/.

15.3 Procedures for Obtaining Data

Users may obtain data directly through the ORNL DAAC online search and order system [http://www-eosdis.ornl.gov/] and the anonymous FTP site [ftp://www-eosdis.ornl.gov/data/] or by contacting User Services by electronic mail, telephone, fax, letter, or personal visit using the contact information in Section 15.1.

#### 15.4 Data Center Status/Plans

The ORNL DAAC is the primary source for BOREAS field measurement, image, GIS, and hardcopy data products. The BOREAS CD-ROM and data referenced or listed in inventories on the CD-ROM are available from the ORNL DAAC.

## 16. Output Products and Availability

#### 16.1 Tape Products

None.

#### 16.2 Film Products

None.

#### 16.3 Other Products

These data are available on the BOREAS CD-ROM series.

#### 17. References

# 17.1 Platform/Sensor/Instrument/Data Processing Documentation None given.

17.2 Journal Articles and Study Reports

Newcomer, J., D. Landis, S. Conrad, S. Curd, K. Huemmrich, D. Knapp, A. Morrell, J. Nickeson, A. Papagno, D. Rinker, R. Strub, T. Twine, F. Hall, and P. Sellers, eds. 2000. Collected Data of The Boreal Ecosystem-Atmosphere Study. NASA. CD-ROM.

Sellers, P. and F. Hall. 1994. Boreal Ecosystem-Atmosphere Study: Experiment Plan. Version 1994-3.0, NASA BOREAS Report (EXPLAN 94).

Sellers, P. and F. Hall. 1996. Boreal Ecosystem-Atmosphere Study: Experiment Plan. Version 1996-2.0, NASA BOREAS Report (EXPLAN 96).

Sellers, P., F. Hall, and K.F. Huemmrich. 1996. Boreal Ecosystem-Atmosphere Study: 1994 Operations. NASA BOREAS Report (OPS DOC 94).

Sellers, P., F. Hall, and K.F. Huemmrich. 1997. Boreal Ecosystem-Atmosphere Study: 1996 Operations. NASA BOREAS Report (OPS DOC 96).

Sellers, P., F. Hall, H. Margolis, B. Kelly, D. Baldocchi, G. den Hartog, J. Cihlar, M.G. Ryan, B. Goodison, P. Crill, K.J. Ranson, D. Lettenmaier, and D.E. Wickland. 1995. The boreal ecosystem-atmosphere study (BOREAS): an overview and early results from the 1994 field year. Bulletin of the American Meteorological Society. 76(9):1549-1577.

Sellers, P.J., F.G. Hall, R.D. Kelly, A. Black, D. Baldocchi, J. Berry, M. Ryan, K.J. Ranson, P.M. Crill, D.P. Lettenmaier, H. Margolis, J. Cihlar, J. Newcomer, D. Fitzjarrald, P.G. Jarvis, S.T. Gower, D. Halliwell, D. Williams, B. Goodison, D.E. Wickland, and F.E. Guertin. 1997. BOREAS in 1997: Experiment Overview, Scientific Results and Future Directions. Journal of Geophysical Research 102(D24): 28,731-28,770.

# 17.3 Archive/DBMS Usage Documentation None.

#### 18. Glossary of Terms

None.

#### 19. List of Acronyms

ASCII - American Standard Code for Information Interchange BOREAS - BOReal Ecosystem-Atmosphere Study BORIS - BOREAS Information System CD-ROM - Compact Disk-Read-Only Memory - Distributed Active Archive Center DAAC EOS - Earth Observing System EOSDIS - EOS Data and Information System - Geographic Information System GIS - Goddard Space Flight Center GSFC - HyperText Markup Language - National Aeronautics and Space Administration NASA - Northern Study Area NSA - Old Aspen OA' - Old Black Spruce OBS - Old Jack Pine OJP ORNL - Oak Ridge National Laboratory PANP - Prince Albert National Park - Photosynthetic Photon Flux Density PPFD - Relative Humidity RH - Southern Study Area SSA - Terrestrial Ecology - Upland Black Spruce UBS - Uniform Resource Locator URL - Universal Transverse Mercator MTU

#### 20. Document Information

#### 20.1 Document Revision Date

Written: 04-May-1995 Last Updated: 02-Jun-1999

#### 20.2 Document Review Date(s)

BORIS Review: 27-Oct-1997

Science Review:

#### 20.3 Document ID

#### 20.4 Citation

When using these data, please contact the investigators listed in Section 2.3 as well as citations of relevant papers in Section 17.2.

If using data from the BOREAS CD-ROM series, also reference the data as:

Ehleringer, J.R. and L. Flanagan, "Vegetation-Atmosphere CO<sub>2</sub> and H<sub>2</sub>O Exchange Processes: Stable Isotope Analyses." In Collected Data of The Boreal Ecosystem-Atmosphere Study. Eds. J. Newcomer, D. Landis, S. Conrad, S. Curd, K. Huemmrich, D. Knapp, A. Morrell, J. Nickeson, A. Papagno, D. Rinker, R. Strub, T. Twine, F. Hall, and P. Sellers. CD-ROM. NASA, 2000.

#### Also, cite the BOREAS CD-ROM set as:

Newcomer, J., D. Landis, S. Conrad, S. Curd, K. Huemmrich, D. Knapp, A. Morrell, J. Nickeson, A. Papagno, D. Rinker, R. Strub, T. Twine, F. Hall, and P. Sellers, eds. Collected Data of The Boreal Ecosystem-Atmosphere Study. NASA. CD-ROM. NASA, 2000.

#### 20.5 Document Curator

#### 20.6 Document URL

			•	
·				

# REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE

Form Approved OMB No. 0704-0188

Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 1 hour per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources.

gathering and maintaining the data needed, a collection of information, including suggestion Davis Highway, Suite 1204, Arlington, VA 22	and completing and reviewing the collection of his for reducing this burden, to Washington He 202-4302, and to the Office of Management a	adquarters Services, Directorate found and Budget, Paperwork Reduction	arding this bur or Information ( Project (0704)	Operations and Reports, 1215 Jefferson 0188), Washington, DC 20503.
1. AGENCY USE ONLY (Leave blan		3. REPORT TYPE AN Technical Me	D DATES	COVERED
BOREAS TE-5 Surface N 6. AUTHOR(S)	ne Boreal Ecosystem-Atmosph Meteorological and Radiation Brooks and Larry Flanaga ine Curd, Editors	on Data	923	P: 923-462-33-01
7. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION I		RMING ORGANIZATION		
Goddard Space Flight Cent Greenbelt, Maryland 20771				03136-0
9. SPONSORING / MONITORING National Aeronautics and S Washington, DC 20546-000	pace Administration	ESS (ES)	AGE	nsoring / monitoring ncy report number -2000–209891 41
L. Flanagan: University of Goddard Space Flight Ce	of Utah, Salt Lake City; J. of Lethbridge, Lethbridge, 2 onter, Greenbelt, Maryland	R. Brooks: Universi Alberta, Canada; C. (	Curd: Ra	ytheon ITSS, NASA
12a. DISTRIBUTION / AVAILABILITY Unclassified—Unlimited Subject Category: 43 Report available from the N 7121 Standard Drive, Hano	12b. DIS	TRIBUTION CODE		
tion, and tree growth. Me	collected measurements in asurements of meteorologi te intervals during the 1994	cal data, including a	ir and so	il temperature, RH, BOREAS NSA and
14. SUBJECT TERMS BOREAS, terrestrial ecol		15. NUMBER OF PAGES		
DOMENIO, torrestrial ecol				16. PRICE CODE
17. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF REPORT	18. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE	19. SECURITY CLASSIF OF ABSTRACT	ICATION	20. LIMITATION OF ABSTRACT

Unclassified

Unclassified

UL

Unclassified